# The Caledonian Mercury. No. 10,555.

PRICE 3d.] EDINBURGH, SATURDAY, MAY 2. 1789.



THEATRE-ROYAL.

For the Benefit of MR WOODS.

(NEVER ACTED HERE)

On MONDAY Evening, MAY 4. will be performed,

A NEW TRAGEDY, called,

VIMONDA.

Written by Mr MACDONALD,

And acted at the Theatre Royal, Haymarket, with great Applause.

Melville, Mr WOODS;
Rothsay, Mr ARCHER;
Barnard, Mr BELL;
Seyton, Mr HENDERSON;
And Dundore, Mr WILLIAMSON.

Alfreda, Mrs COATS;
And Vimonda, Mrs BARRESFORD.

*The Original Epilogue, written by Mr Macknicle,* To be spoken by Mrs BARRESFORD.

To which will be added, (*never performed here,*)

A FARCE, called,

THE PRISONER AT LARGE.

Written by Mr O'KEEFE, Author of the *Agreeable Surprize*, &c. and acted at the Theatre Royal, Haymarket, with general applause.

Muns, Mr WILSON;
Lord Esmond, Old Dowdle, Father Frank, Mr WILLIAMSON; Mr BELL; Mr HALLION;
Frill, Mr BLAND, Jun.—Tough, Mr CHARTERIS;
Laudlord, Mr SPARKS;—Trap, Mr HENDERSON;
Phelim, And Jack Connor, Mr J. BLAND; Mr WOODS.

Adelaide, Mary, And Rachel, Mrs WOODS; Mrs J. BLAND; Mrs W. WELLS.

TICKETS to be had of MR WOODS, at his house, Shakespeare Square, and of Mr GIBB, at the office of the Theatre, where places for the boxes may be taken.

HABERDASHERY.

ARCHIBALD and JOHN MACKINLAY, Corner of South Bridge, beg leave to inform the Public, that one of the partners is just returned from England, where he has purchased a very large and fashionable assortment, in particular, of

PRINTED MUSLINS, CALLICOES, | MUSLINETS—And DEMITTIES,

proper for summer.

As they were all bought at the very first markets, the Public may be assured they are of the best quality, and will be sold reasonable.

They continue to sell a large assortment of Linens, Long Lawns and Sheetings of different fabrics, of Messr. BIGGARS and CO.; and they are happy to find, from the great demand, that these goods give such general satisfaction.

Millinary Work done in the neatest manner.

ROBERT GOURLAY,

HABERDASHER AND LINENDRAPER,

Most respectfully informs the Public,

THAT he will, by Whitsunday first, remove from the Shop presently occupied by him at the head of the Fish-market Close, to that large and commodious shop, second land from the High Street, west side, South Bridge Street, Edinburgh. As he intends to commence business there with an

ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF GOODS,

He will, till that time, sell off his present stock greatly below the current prices.

The whole are lately purchased, and comprehend a complete assortment of new and fashionable Haberdashery and Linendrapery goods, which he can assure the Public are worthy of attention.

*NEW TEAS.*

JAMES MURRAY, Grocer, South Bridge, has just received a large chest of high-flavoured TEAS, purchased at the India Company's last sale, viz.

HYSONS.
SOUCHONGS.
CONGOS.

N. B. As the above teas were carefully selected by a judge on the spot, his Friends and Customers may depend on the quality being genuine, and sold on very reasonable terms.

J. M. has as usual a stock of Old Rum, Coniac Brandy, Port and Sherry Wines, in cask or bottle.

*New Black and Green Teas.*

WILL. THORBURN acquaints the Ladies, That part of the NEW TEAS of last sale is arrived, some of which is very fine.

N. B. As Teas are sold at this Warehouse in pounds under the common wholesale price, they cannot be hooked.

*Leith, April 25. 1789.*

*FASHIONABLE HATS.*

JAMES IZETT and SON, Hat-Makers to His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, opposite the General Post Office, North Bridge, begs leave to inform their Friends and the Public, That one of the Partners is just returned from London, where he has purchased a very large and fashionable assortment of Ladies and Children's Fancy HATS and BANDS, which they are selling greatly below the ordinary prices. They have always on hand, a large assortment of Gentlemen's Cock'd and Round Hats of their own manufacture.

Japanned Hats, by appointment from the Maker, sold in Wholesale, at reduced prices, and no where else in Scotland.

London-made Umbrellas on reasonable terms.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

TO be SOLD at Kilbagie, in the neighbourhood of Clackmannan, on Wednesday the 6th May, and the following day, to begin at ten o'clock forenoon precisely,

The Valuable HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Bed and Table Linen, Table and Tea China, Books, and Plate, which belonged to Mr James Stein, late distiller at Kilbagie.

To be viewed the two days preceding the day of sale.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,

THE LIVINGSTON,

JAMES MACKIE Master,

LYING in Leith Harbour, taking in goods, and sails the 7th May 1789.

The Master to be spoke with at the Exchange Coffeehouse, at Change hours. Mornings and evenings on board the ship; or at Mrs Stevenson's house in Bernard's Street, Leith.

The above ship has neat accommodation for passengers; and the best of usage may be depended on.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,

*By Peter Hill, Edinburgh, and G. Kearsley, London,*

(Price 7s. bound)

(With a PORTRAIT of the AUTHOR, by Walker)

The Seventh Edition, enlarged, improved, and corrected,

OF THE

GENTLEMAN's STABLE DIRECTORY,

OR MODERN SYSTEM OF

FARRIERY;

Comprehending every useful instruction for equestrian management in sickness or in health—diseases are traced to their origin, and the causes explained—proper modes of prevention are particularly pointed out, and the direct methods of cure clearly confirmed—occasional observations are introduced upon the erroneous treatment and almost obsolete prescriptions of Gibson, Bracken, Bartlet, Osmer, and others—with general directions for buying and selling, feeding, bleeding, purging, and getting into condition for sheer or cart-purposes. Horses of every denomination.

*To which are now added,*

Applicable and Experimental Remarks upon the proper treatment of DRAUGHT HORSES, the qualifications and dangerous practice of Country Farriers, and the destructive infatuation of Farmers Servants,

BY WILLIAM TAPLIN, SURGEON.

☞ The superior excellence of this work is sufficiently demonstrated by its unprecedented circulation. The sale of six large impressions, in so short a time after its original appearance, totally precludes the necessity of any other eulogium, and fixes an incontrovertible criterion of general approbation.

To this edition is annexed, a list of genuine and approved Horse Medicines.

At P. HILL's Shop may always be had,

All MR KEARSLEY's Numerous Publications.

*Also just published,*

Andrews's Anecdotes, &c. ancient and modern, with observations, 7s. 6d. boards.

[illegible] historical, and literary. 3 vols.

The Self Tormentor, a novel, 3 vols. 9s. boards.

*** *PETER HILL begs leave respectfully to acquaint his Friends and the Public, that at Whitsunday next he is to remove from the Parliament Square, to that large, commodious, and well-situated Shop at the Cross, at present possessed by Mr* GOURLAY, *Haberdasher, and hopes for a continuance of their favour.*

S A L E.

AS the proprietors of Mr Macdowall's goods are obliged soon to quit the Shop lately possessed by him on North Bridge Street, they are under the necessity of closing the sale in a few days. The remainder of the goods will therefore be sold off, at *prices so remarkably low*, that the public attention is particularly requested. The articles still on hand are

Best Superfine Cloths.
A great variety of Second Cloths of the most fashionable colours.
Livery Cloths of all kinds, of excellent durable quality.
Fancy Vest Stuffs.
Florentines, Princes Stuffs, Lastings, Corduroys, Thicksets, &c. for breeches.

As all the goods must *immediately* be sold, the prices are very considerably reduced, and those who take quantities will get still a farther discount. The public may therefore not meet with such an opportunity of being so easily supplied.

Sale of Hardware, Jewellery, &c.

AT PRIME COST.

THE STOCK of GOODS belonging to PETER FORRESTER and COMPANY, as advertised formerly, continue selling off at and below prime cost, for ready money, at their Shop opposite the Cross, Edinburgh, and consist chiefly of the following articles:

Gold, Silver, Gilt, Tortoiseshell, and Shagreen Watches, of all sorts.
Sett Shoe, Knee, and Stock Buckles.
Silver, Pinchbeck, Plated, and Mourning ditto.
Gold Braclets, Rings, and Locket Pins.
Silver and Plated Spoons, Tea-Kitchens, Tea-Pots, Sugar and Cream Basons, Bread Baskets, Castor Frames, Salts, Porter Cups, Ale Tankards, Candlesticks, Fish Knives, Sauce Boats, Wine Funnels, &c. &c.
London made Brown Tea-Kitchens and Coffee Urns.
Japanned Tea-Trays, Bread-Baskets, and Waiters.
Knives and Forks, of all kinds.
Mahogany and Shagreen Cases, for Knives, Forks, & Spoons
Ladies and Gentlemens Pocket and Memorandum Books of all kinds.
Silver, Gilt, and Steel mounted Swords and Hangers.
Variety of fine Prints, in Gilt burnished Frames.
Double and Single Barrelled Guns.
Patent Spring Bayonet, Pocket and Holster Pistols.
Ladies and Gentlemens Dressing Boxes.
Plated, Black Ebony, and Japanned Ink Stands.
Backgamon Tables, Playing Cards, and Dice.

The Goods are almost entirely new and fashionable, and as the whole is to be disposed of against Whitsunday first, when a Dissolution of the Copartnery takes place, the Public will find this a very favourable opportunity for supplying themselves with the above articles.

It is requested that all those *indebted* to the Company, will order payment of their accounts without delay, as those remaining unsettled at Whitsunday, must be given in to a man of man of business in order to effect payment.

☞ A few *Restoration* and other *medals* have been just now sent by their Correspondents at Birmingham.

N. B. The highest prices are given for Gold, Silver, and Lace, as usual.

ROUP OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

To be SOLD by public roup, in a house at the foot of Carrubber's Close, on Tuesday the 5th May inst.

SEveral sorts of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of four posted and tent beds, mahogany tables, chairs, drawers, &c. a spinet, an eight day clock, looking-glasses, and several other articles.

SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

To be SOLD by auction, by William Bruce, auctioneer, on Thursday the 7th May, in a house in the Abbey-Hill, on the road leading to Musselburgh, presently possessed by Mrs Grant of Knockando,

SEveral Sorts of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of mahogany four posted and tent beds, cloaths presses, bureaus, drawers, tables, chairs, sophas, grates, carpets—dining room, drawing room, and kitchen furniture—an eight day clock, looking glasses, a barrel churn, and other diary utensils. Likewise a Piano Forte.

To be viewed on Wednesday preceeding the sale, from twelve till three o'clock, and to be sold for ready money only.

N. B. A Coach House immediately adjoining to the dwelling house, is to be let.—Enquire at Mrs Grant.


## *PARLIAMENT.*

### HOUSE OF COMMONS.

MONDAY, *April 27.*

Papers concerning the Royal Boroughs of Scotland were received, and ordered to lie on the table.

A petition was presented by the manufacturers of Manchester, praying a repeal of the act relative to hawkers and pedlars. The petition stated the usefulness of this body of men in circulation of goods; and that instead of contributing to smuggling, they, on the contrary, contributed not a little to the suppression of smuggling. Ordered to lie on the table.

A counter-petition was presented by the shop-keepers of Hull. Ordered to lie on the table.

Sir *William Dolben* said he held in his hand a petition against the Slave Trade, signed by above 800 persons, engaged in the cutlery-trade in Sheffield.—The petitioners assigned the reasons which operated with them to sign this petition, and which humanity alone dictated; in consequence of which, they desired to be left out of the question, notwithstanding the profits to them in carrying on this trade, provided the continuation of it should be argued only on the principles of policy and commerce.—Ordered to lie on the table.

Mr *Beaufoy* gave notice, that on Friday se'ennight he should move, that the House do resolve itself into a Committee of the whole House, in order to take into consideration so much of the Test and Corporation acts as relates to the Protestant Dissenters of Great Britain.

The House, by this time, contained not less than three hundred members, when

Major *Scott* got up, and informed the House, that he held in his hand a petition, signed *Warren Hastings*—complaining of certain expressions made use of in another place (Westminster Hall) by a Right Hon. Gentleman expressions were conceived to be extraneous to the matter in hand, and which he pledged himself to prove were wholly irrelevant to the charge which that Right Hon. Gentleman was then preferring against Mr Hastings; the body of the petition stated those particulars more at large, and the prayer of the petition was, that that Hon. House, in its justice and generosity, would be pleased, either to come to a decision that this extraneous matter ought to be collected and presented under the head of a distinct charge, that the petitioner might reply to and defend himself against the same; or, that the House dispose of the same, as it should seem meet: On this Major Scott entered into a very minute history of the impeachment against Mr Hastings, from the day that the very first charge was brought forward, to the present.

After this he selected such passages and accusations as in his judgment ought not to have been introduced in Mr Burke's speeches before the High Court of Judicature;—he recounted the pains he had been at to get at every information on those points—the accuracy with which he had arranged and read them over, and the undubitable authorities on which he felt himself authorised to say, that Mr Burke had knowingly and willingly misrepresented and exaggerated those particulars, knowing them to be void of all foundation in truth: it was a year since Mr Burke had mentioned those points!—immediately after, however, he had turned this subject in his mind, and as soon as he had convinced himself of the falsehood of them, he wrote a pamphlet on the subject, one of which he sent to Mr Burke, but he would not receive it; he therefore called on that House to listen to what he was about to say, and in the presence of that House he pledged himself to prove, that all those assertions which he had just enumerated, together with that which Mr Burke made use of the other day in Westminster Hall, viz. that Mr Hastings had murdered Nunducomar, through the medium of Sir Elijah Impey, were devoid of all foundation in truth; and if he did not prove it, he wished to be looked on as the outcast of society, and to be struck off the rolls of that House. As he was proceeding, he was interrupted by

Mr *Fox*, who called him to order. The honourable member said, he did not think it strictly in order, that any member of that House should rise up in his place, and repeat what passed in another House; he hoped, therefore, the Speaker would interfere.

The *Speaker* observed, that it was not orderly to allude in that House to what passed in the House of Lords; but in the present case he wished to be guided by the House, before he should pronounce it disorderly.

Mr *Fox* wished that some precedent might be produced; if there were none against it, he wished to know if there were any in favour of it.

The *Chancellor of the Exchequer* was surprised the Hon. Gentleman did not make his remark before the Hon. member behind him had proceeded to the length he did.

Major *Scott* resumed his speech; at the end of which he read the petition, and then moved for leave to bring it up.

Mr *Fox* said, he did not rise to oppose the motion, but to call the attention of the House to the novelty of the precedent, and the danger of it in all future impeachments. Let us observe, said he, the subject of this petition, the person from whom it comes, and the body to whom it is addressed. Mr Fox dwelt on these points with peculiar felicity, force of argument, and nicety of discrimination. The person from whom this petition came was a culprit, who did not like the manner in which his accusers were proceeding; a proof that his accusers were proceeding on grounds that he could not shake, on grounds that would affect his guilt, on facts that would affect his guilt, on facts that he never expected would rise in judgment against him. It was not to be wondered at then, that Mr Hastings should object to the manner in which his accusers conducted the prosecution against him. Mr Hastings wanted to have it conducted in his own manner, and if this petition was attended to, could any man deny, that that wish was so far complied with? Mr Fox shewed the consequence of this, and insisted that under such a circumstance it would be morally impossible to arrive at that truth which was the sole object of the managers. The subject of this petition was, that his Hon. Friend (Mr Burke) in his speech upwards of twelve months ago, had alluded to certain matters which undoubtedly went no small degree to increase and to establish the guilt of the culprit. But who could be certain at this time, that his Honourable Friend had made use of such expressions in the House of Commons; it was not orderly to take notice of any expressions which had fallen in the course of a former debate; nay, of any expression which had fallen in the same debate, unless they were taken notice of at the time, because the House in adopting those orders had wisely foreseen the impossibility of ascertaining those expressions or the drift of those expressions. A year had now elapsed, why were they not taken notice of at the time? No; but when the culprit and his agent found that facts rose out of facts and that he was likely to be pinched, his last recourse is to a petition, in order, if possible, to stifle the whole. In the third place, Who was the petition addressed to? To the House of Commons! to that very House of Commons who, in one of the fullest committees perhaps that ever sat in that House, had agreed that there were sufficient grounds for impeaching Mr Hastings. If any of those members, therefore, who had united in this question, should, on the present occasion, conceive that Mr Burke had not acted properly, what would be the consequence? Mr Hastings would have the mode in which he liked of having his trial conducted, and the hands of the managers appointed by those members to conduct that prosecution would be tied; he hoped, therefore, this matter would be found worthy of their consideration. The Honourable member who had just sat down (Major Scot) pledged himself to prove that the expression alluded to had no existence in truth. That Honourable Gentleman was not the most correct when he spoke to facts, but he believed it was in the recollection of the House that that Honourable Gentleman had often pledged himself to the same purpose, long before the charges were brought in; and if Gentlemen had a little patience, he should pledge himself also, that they would be convinced of the reliance [illegible] that Honourable [illegible]. Mr Fox begged that Gentlemen for a moment would turn their eyes to the situation in which the managers for conducting that impeachment stood. In the first place, perhaps a more powerful criminal never appeared before a Court of Judicature, than Mr Hastings; a man who enjoyed the sole patronage of India for fourteen years successively; who had India, and all the corruption of India, at his beck; the first advantage of the law; connections innumerable; and many of whose judges, previous to his trial, were by no means prejudiced in favour of his accusers.

In all impeachments that he could observe on the Parliamentary rolls, the ministers, the law officers of the crown, &c. had conducted them. How different from the present managers! Men out of place, who could neither boast of the smiles of the Crown, nor the allurements of power, the major part of whom seldom or ever joined in the majorities of that House; who had no ground to stand upon, but the ground of mere argument and fact; was it therefore generous; was it even just to infringe on that? If the Lords conceived that the expressions alluded to were irrelevant to the subject; was it not their duty to interpose? Was it not the duty of Mr Hastings's Counsel to state their opinion on that subject to their Lordships, who, as men of impartiality, would most undoubtedly decide on it as it ought to be decided on? Did not this obtain every day in inferior Courts? It had been also asserted, that an unnecessary delay had taken place in this trial; but he believed it was needless for him to appeal to the judgment of the House on this point—the business which hitherto employed their attention was of so great a magnitude, as to preclude the consideration of any other; as soon as that business was disposed of, did not the resumption of Mr Hastings's trial take place, and could any Gentleman in that House say, that it could have taken place one day sooner? If any member, therefore, had, on mature reflection, repented of the vote which he had given for the impeachment of Mr Hastings; if he thought he had given it too rashly, or, in the language of another country, that he had been surprized into it—let such member or members candidly acknowledge it. As to the article of the murder of Nunducomar, his sentiments on that head were unaltered; the House of Commons not being willing to impeach, was no acquittal. For the honour of the House of Commons, for the cause of public justice, he begged that consistency should be observed; and, that the present and future times should not have it in their power to brand such members of that House as had joined in impeaching Mr Hastings, even with an insinuation of prevarication, as he was positively convinced that the sole object of the petition was to throw a personal insult on his honourable friend (Mr Burke), so as to come to a personal quarrel with him; but he begged his honourable friend (Mr Burke) would treat such a proceeding with the contempt which it deserved; and that during the present trial, he should take no notice of any such proceedings, which was the conduct that he determined to pursue himself.

The *Chancellor of the Exchequer* said, if that was the case, the Hon. Gentleman (Mr Fox) was to be applauded for his conduct.—He agreed with him in the principal parts of his speech, but at the same time did not find that the Hon. Gentleman had said any thing against the bringing up of the petition.—If Mr Hastings was the object of accusation, he was at the same time the object of justice. The Managers certainly acted in the name of the Commons, but their power in that respect was limited.—If the Managers departed from their printed charges, and if no limit was prescribed, it was not easy to say how far they might deviate.—Certain bounds undoubtedly ought to be observed. If it was the opinion of Gentlemen that Mr Hastings was accused of matters which were not laid in the charges, and of course which he did not think of preparing a defence against, the question was, to whom should he apply for redress, to the Lords or to the Commons? Mr Pitt then attempted to shew, that on the present occasion the Commons were the more competent of the two; and, that if any words inadvertently dropped from Mr Burke, he was certainly entitled to every indulgence.

Mr *Burke* entered into a long and argumentative defence of his conduct, enlivened with occasional sallies of wit, which, instead of diverting the attention, relieved it. He began by saying, that he did not solicit the indulgence of the House—he only looked for justice—he only repeated the other day in the House, what he had asserted a twelvemonth ago.—He then made many remarks on the occasion of noticing those things at present. He had taken up this

protecution on the grounds of mere juſtice, and he had to look for his reward in the unprejudiced opinion of futurity—a period to which he was every day haſtening. He might be warm, but he could take upon himſelf to ſay, that he never was warm on his own account: on this he gave a humourous account of his ſituation—an accuſer in the High Court of Judicature to day, a culprit in the Houſe of Commons to-morrow, he was rather advanced in years, and did not find himſelf ſupple enough to jump from one to the other. Mr Burke entered into a ſhort hiſtory of Mr Haſtings's tranſactions in India, for the purpoſe of ſhewing that every word which he had advanced on the ſubject of Deby Sing, Nundcomar, &c. and which was laid in the petition as extraneous matter, was entirely relevant to the ſubject, and that it came home to the conviction of Mr Haſtings; and that notwithſtanding the innumerable paragraphs which Major Scott had written and paid for in the public prints, in order to perſuade the public that his aſſertions were falſe, yet he hoped to prove, and was convinced, if permitted, that he would prove, that they were founded in fact. Mr Burke declared that he had never read Major Scott's pamphlets—they might be entertaining, and perhaps his not reading them ſhould be attributed to his want of taſte. He then adverted to the Major's paragraphs, on which he was very witty, particularly on the titles of ſome of them, as delivered in the printer's bill,—here, ſaid he, I ſee, "To an attack on Mr Burke's veracity, 5s. 6d." The whole of thoſe paragraphs in one year in one paper amounted to 144l. 18s. 6d. Perhaps Mr Haſtings's poverty might be aſcribed to the expence he was at in this line.—If the Houſe ſhould cenſure him, he did not think he was entitled to act as a manager under that cenſure; he thought he ought to be ſtruck off that liſt—their juſtice ought to dictate this. In fine, having remarked and replied to every charge, he proteſted, that he ſhould not trouble his head with any thing that Major Scott ſhould write, as it was his fixed determination to treat it with that contempt which it deſerved. He was in purſuit of too noble a prey to hunt vermin. He compared himſelf to the Jew in the play—you may take a pound of Mr Haſtings's fleſh, but you are not to draw a drop of his blood. Such was his ſituation.

Mr *Wyndham* entered into a very logical defence of Mr Burke, and inſiſted, that if the Houſe of Commons proceeded to take the petition into conſideration, it would be little leſs than an inſult to the Lords, who undoubtedly were competent to decide how far the matter complained of was or was not irrelevant to the ſubject.

Mr *Sharpe* [illegible] words, that he endeavouring to intimidate the friends of Mr Haſtings were either proceeding in the impeachment.

Mr *Sumner* ſaid, that if the Houſe and the Committee were, in the honourable Member's opinion, equally culpable, then it followed, that the Houſe ought of courſe to give its opinion upon the petition, previous to any further proceeding upon the impeachment.

The *Chancellor of the Exchequer* moved that it do lie upon the table.

Mr *Burke* oppoſed this motion in a very powerful ſpeech. If by means of this act, the whole proceedings upon the impeachment ſhould be ultimately abandoned, he called God and his country to bear him witneſs, that he and all the managers were free from the abomination of ſuch a groſs tranſaction. He could not endure the idea, that the Right Hon. Chancellor of the Exchequer would give the leaſt countenance to ſuch a meaſure, but he much doubted whether there was not a ſettled intention ſomewhere to produce that effect.

Colonel *Phipps* argued very ſtrongly, that Mr Burke had, when the petition firſt made its appearance, been the firſt to ſignify his deſire that it might be ſpeedily brought to a determination. What could now ſo ſuddenly induce him to change his opinion?

Sir *James Johnſtone* declared, that, in his opinion, the crimes of Warren Haſtings were ſuch as to merit even death.

Mr *Bouverie* was of opinion, that the whole was a premeditated plan, to put an end to the impeachment.

Mr *Crewe* was of a ſimilar opinion.

Mr *Fox*, Mr *Pitt*, and Major *Scott*, ſpoke a few words, when the queſtion was put and carried.

The *Chancellor of the Exchequer* obſerved, that the Houſe would be engaged until Thurſday, when the diſcuſſion might take place; but, in that caſe, a meſſage muſt be ſent to the Lords to deſire they would poſtpone the trial until Friday.

Mr *Burke* oppoſed this motion with much warmth. He ſaid, it would be proclaiming to the Houſe and the world, that the Houſe were diſſatisfied with their Committee, and would not ſuffer them to proceed.—Several other Members ſpoke to this point. At laſt it was agreed not to preſs the motion, but to leave it open until Thurſday.

The order of the day was then read, when the Houſe adjourned at half after nine till to-morrow.

TUESDAY, *April* 28.

A petition was preſented from the inhabitants of Penrhyn, in Cornwall, praying that the duties now exiſting on hawkers and pedlars may not be repealed. It was ordered to remain on the table.

Mr *Gilbert* brought up the report of the laſt Committee of Supply; and the two reſolutions comprehended in it were read twice, and agreed to by the Houſe.

Mr *Dempſter* moved, that a Committee of the whole Houſe be now formed, to conſider of the duties on hawkers and pedlars.

This motion being agreed to, Mr Hawkins Browne took his ſeat as Chairman of this Committee.

Mr *Dempſter* ſtated, that, before the introduction of the bill which he had ſome weeks ago moved for, relative to hawkers and pedlars, form required that he ſhould firſt propoſe, in a Committee of the whole Houſe, ſuch reſolutions as were to form the groundwork of his bill. He would therefore move, that the duties now exiſting on the above-mentioned body of people do ceaſe, and be no longer paid or payable.

This motion was aſſented to, and was ſucceeded by the two following ones, viz. that a duty of 4l. per annum, by way of annual licenſe, be impoſed on all hawkers and pedlars; and that, excluſive of this licenſe, 4l. per annum be paid by all hawkers and pedlars that travel with horſes, mules, or aſſes; to which the Committee agreed, after Sir James Johnſtone had aſked Mr Dempſter, whether the duties were meant to be on the ſame footing on which they ſtood before the additional duties of the year 1785; to which an affirmative reply was made.

The order of the day, for the commitment of the Weſtminſter annuity bill, was deferred till Monday ſe'ennight.

Sir *William Young* gave notice, that his bill for the relief of the poor would be read a ſecond time on Monday next.

At a quarter after four, the Houſe adjourned till to-morrow.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE, *April* 28.

*Council-Chamber, Dublin-Caſtle, April* 21. 1789.

HIS Majeſty, by his Royal Letters, having appointed the Honourable Robert Hobart to be of his Majeſty's moſt Honourable Privy Council of Ireland, he this day, in Council, took the uſual oaths and his place at the Board accordingly.

[The Gazette contains congratulatory Addreſſes to the King from the Biſhop and Clergy of the Diocese of St David's—High Sheriff, Grand Jury, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the county of Flint—Noblemen, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the county of Dorſet—High Sheriff, Nobility, Gentry, Clergy, and Freeholders of the county of Eſſex—Sheriff, Lord Lieutenant, Gentry, Clergy, and Freeholders of the county of Radnor—Noblemen, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the county Palatine of Durham—Commiſſioners and Officers of the dockyard at Plymouth—Miniſters and Elders of the Provincial Synod of Perth and Stirling—Merchants, Manufacturers and Citizens of Aberdeen—Mayor Aldermen, and Common Council of the Town and Borough of Tenby—Mayor, High Sheriff, Recorder, Aldermen, &c. of the Town of Baſingſtoke—Agent and Commander of the packet boats at Falmouth—Mayor, Aldermen, and Common Council of the Town and Borough of Pembroke—Homage Jury and Lord of the Manor of Somerſham—Magiſtrates and Council of the Borough of Rothſay—Archbiſhop, Deans and Chapters, and Clergy of the City and Diocese of Dublin—High Sheriff, Governor, Nobility, Clergy, &c. of the county of Waterford—Nobility, High Sheriff, Grand Jury, &c. of the county of Kerry—High Sheriff and Grand Jury of the county of Clare—High Sheriff, Foreman, and Grand Jury of the county of Leitrim—Mayor, Recorder, Sheriff, Aldermen, &c. of the county of the town of Carrickfergus—Alſo to the Queen from the Clergy of St David's—County of Eſſex—Town of Baſingſtoke—County of Flint—County of Dorſet—County of Radnor—Town and Borough of Tenby—Town and Borough of Pembroke—Manor of Somerſham—Borough of Cuſſen—Clergy of Dublin—Town and Borough of Carrickfergus.]

LLOYD's LIST.—*April* 28.

EXTRACT of a letter from Malta, 20th March. We have had a very ſevere winter in the Mediterranean and Levant; and many veſſels are ſaid to be loſt on the coaſt of Provence. We have now here a number of veſſels of all nations bound to the weſtward, ſome of which have put back five different times, amongſt whom are the Hobet of Briſtol, the Jane of Montroſe, and the Neptune of Iminſworth.

The Betſey, Campion, a Guinea brig, was drove on ſhore in a gale of wind the beginning of March, at Dominica, in Wood-Bridges-Bay. Seven veſſels were drove on ſhore at St Pierre, Martinique, and much damage done there.

The Sra. de Rozario St. Joze E Almas, Captain Pinto, ſailed from Vivelro, in Galicia, for Viana, the 9th of December laſt, and has ſince been [illegible]

the 4th inſtant, lat. 36. 28. N. long. 30. 30. from Dominica, on William, Stack, from Baltimore for Barbadoes; and on the 15th, in lat. 36. 11. N. long. 34. 38. W. ſpoke the Chance, Forbes, from Gibraltar for Quebec, out ſix weeks, all well.

MAIL S.

*Arrived*—Ireland, 4.

*Due*—Ireland, 1.—Flanders, 1.—Holland, 2.

LONDON.—*April* 29.

The report continues of his Majeſty's viſit to Germany this ſummer. On this is to be founded a new regency bill. In the propoſed bills it is confidently aſſerted, that the miniſter is to introduce a clauſe to provide for the ſafety of the kingdom, in caſe his Majeſty ſhould unhappily be afflicted with a relapſe of his late diſorder. The Miniſter has founded his friends on this meaſure; and it is ſaid, he is certain of carrying it through the two Houſes. It is alſo aſſerted that if the bill, with this clauſe, paſſes the two Houſes, it is intended to lengthen out the ſeſſion until the beginning of Auguſt. There will then not be time ſufficient for his Majeſty to proceed to Hanover this ſummer.

Some of the papers have, with their uſual eagerneſs to communicate the firſt intelligence of every thing, actually fixed the day and hour of his Majeſty's departure for Hanover. If his Majeſty is pleaſed to accept of the day they have named, it is well; but the public may be aſſured, that no perſon about Court has yet heard of a day being appointed.

A Council was held this morning at Windſor, when the appointment of Sheriffs took place.

Yeſterday there was a ſplendid gala at Windſor on account of his Majeſty's recovery. The ball and ſupper given by their Majeſties on the occaſion were ſuperb beyond deſcription. So grand an aſſemblage of diſtinguiſhed perſonages have ſeldom appeared at one time. Beſide the Great Officers of State, there were preſent the Biſhops and moſt of the Peers, with their Ladies; alſo the members of the Houſe of Commons, of both parties, with their Ladies.—The great hall was decorated in the higheſt ſtile of magnificence, and the ball for brilliancy and elegance exceeded any thing that was ever exhibited in this or perhaps any other kingdom. All that was noble, dignified, diſtinguiſhed, and loyal in both ſexes in the kingdom, were aſſembled to hail the bleſt return of their Sovereign to his happy ſubjects.

Now that the glare of illuminations are over, which has done no good but to the tin-men and tallow-chandlers, it is hoped that ſome great act of public charity will follow, ſuch as a releaſe of priſoners. This would be an acceptable ſervice to thouſands, and would ſurely be pleaſing to the Divinity, whoſe brighteſt attribute is Mercy.

Mr Beaufoy has announced his intention of moving for a repeal of part of the teſt and corporation acts. The acknowledged liberality of the age favours this meaſure not a little. Many, at leaſt we will ſay, ſome of the Biſhops are not hoſtile to it; and the peaceable demeanour and known loyalty of the Diſſenters certainly plead ſtrongly in their favour.

The Lay-Diſſenters who preſented their addreſs on Saturday ſe'ennight, were admitted into his Majeſty's preſence, and very favourably received. After the addreſs was read, and the Committee were about to withdraw, old Mr Fuller, one of the number, went up to his Majeſty, and pronounced a ſolemn and pathetic benediction. His Majeſty received this very graciouſly.

Yeſterday advice was received at the Eaſt India Houſe, of the Earl Talbot, Captain J. White, junr. having ſailed from Portſmouth yeſterday morning, for Bengal, with diſpatches for Earl Cornwallis, Governor General.

By the Talbot we have received a letter from our correſpondent in China, with the following particulars;

That the ſhip which we ſome time ago mentioned to have ſailed from Botany Bay for the north-weſt coaſt of America on the fur trade, had, a few days after her arrival on the coaſt, ſprung a leak, and was otherwiſe ſo much diſabled, as to be obliged to proceed to Otaheite: That, on her arrival there, her bottom was found ſo bad and unfit to combat the ice, that ſhe ſailed for China, where ſhe had arrived before the Talbot ſailed; and, after making ſome repairs, was to return to Europe, freighted with teas on the Company's account.

That advices were received the day the Talbot ſailed from Macao, that the Cheſapeak, —— Metcalf maſter, from New York, but laſt from Bengal, had been boarded, plundered, and part of the crew murdered amongſt the iſlands, a few leagues to leeward of Macao, by a large party of Chineſe fiſhermen. It appears that the Cheſapeak had been ſome weeks ſmuggling on the coaſt, and that the fiſhermen had procured intelligence of a large quantity of ſpecie on board her: That they found means to decoy Captain Mercalf on ſhore, then boarded the ſhip, and murdered the chief and ſecond mate, part of the crew, and landed the ſpecie or the greateſt part of it: That when the Talbot was under way, they had a report the fiſhermen left the ſhip without ſcuttling her, and two or three of the crew which eſcaped made a ſignal of diſtreſs, which being obſerved by a Spaniſh veſſel, they gave them every aſſiſtance.

The report from the Botany ſhips at Canton differ very materially from thoſe already arrived in England. It appears that truth is not always permitted to be ſpoken; we however hold it as our duty, particularly when there ſeems a probability, to lay before the public what comes to our knowledge. The officers report, that the majority of convicts were ill of the ſcurvy, from the conſtant uſe of ſalt proviſions, and that many of them had died.

We likewiſe have advice, the King George, who arrived in China from the north-weſt coaſt, had brought a large quantity of furs of the very beſt quality, and that they ſold remarkably well.

The Talbot did not touch at the Cape of Good Hope, as ſome of the prints have aſſerted.

The extent of our poſſeſſions in New Holland, have not been explained to the Public. In Governor Phillip's commiſſion, the extent of his authority is confined to reach from the latitude of 43 deg. 49 min. ſouth, to the latitude of 10 deg. 37 min. ſouth, being the northern and ſouthern extremities of the continent of New Holland. It commences again at 135th degree of longitude eaſt of Greenwich, and, proceeding in an eaſterly direction, includes all iſlands within the limits of the above ſpecified latitudes in the Pacific Ocean. By this partition, it may be fairly preſumed, that every ſource of future litigation between the Dutch and us will be for ever cut off, as the diſcoveries of Engliſh navigators only are comprized in this territory.

By a letter from Cirenceſter, dated the 19th inſt. we learn, that the great undertaking of conveying a tunnel ſixteen feet high, and ſixteen feet wide, under Sapperton Hill and Hayley Wood (very high ground) for two miles and a quarter in length, through a very hard rock, lined and arched with brick, is entirely completed, and that boats were to paſs through it the 21ſt inſt. The time calculated originally for its execution was five years, and it has only taken five years and a half to accompliſh it, although on a much larger ſcale than was originally intended, and is a work which does honour to our country, and to the undertakers. By this opening, a communication is made between the river Severn at Framilode, and the Thames near Lechlade, and will be continued over the Thames near Ingleſham, into deep water in the Thames below St John's Bridge, and ſo to Oxford, &c. and London, for conveyance of coals, goods, &c. It is now navigable from the Severn to Thamsford by way of Stroud, Cirenceſter, Cricklade, &c. being filled with water for that purpoſe, near 40 miles.

All the mediations of the King of Spain at Conſtantinople are entirely broken off, and it is reported, that his Majeſty is much irritated againſt the Ottoman Porte for its contumacy, and the coldneſs with which they received his friendly overtures—His Ambaſſador, who had leave to depart for a few months from Vienna, is ordered to remain.

On Sunday diſpatches were received at the Secretary of State's office from Paris, adviſing Government of the Emperor's having had a relapſe, attended with a violent emiſſion of blood, which it was feared might prove ſpeedily fatal—all the private letters from France ſpoke of the circumſtance in the ſame manner.

Count Ravieſky, the Imperial Ambaſſador, has however received a diſpatch through a different channel, relating the circumſtance of the fact, but without thoſe alarming ſymptoms which the letters from France announced. Advices are in town from Vienna, dated the 11th inſtant, at which time the Emperor was ſo far from being in immediate danger, that a levee was appointed for the 12th inſt. at which it was expected his Majeſty would be preſent.

On the 31ſt of laſt month, died at Manheim, in the 44th year of his age, Charles Prince Palatine, of Birkenfeld, Duke of Bavaria, Major-general in the ſervice of his Imperial Majeſty.

On Tueſday laſt, in the Iriſh Houſe of Commons, Mr Grattan moved to commit the bill to ſecure the freedom of elections, by preventing revenue officers from voting at elections.

The bill was ſupported on the grounds of preſerving the freedom of elections, and putting a ſtop to undue influence, bribery, and corruption. It was oppoſed by the friends of government, as unconſtitutional, in depriving a certain deſcription of men of their rights and franchiſes, without their having committed any crime or fault. After a very warm and animated debate, the Houſe divided,

| | |
|---|---|
| Ayes for committing the bill, | 93 |
| Noes againſt the bill, | 148 |
| Majority againſt the bill, | 55 |

The bill was then rejected without a diviſion. A wonderful change in the political ſentiments of the Iriſh Houſe of Commons within theſe few weeks!

RESTORATION BALL.

On Friday laſt Sir Sampſon Gideon, with that ſpirit of loyalty and magnificence for which he is diſtinguiſhed, gave a ball and ſupper in honour of his Majeſty.

Two rooms were laid out in a ſuperb ſtyle for dancing, and a band of wind inſtruments played upon the ſtair-caſe.

The ball commenced at ten, and the ſupper was ſerved up at two o'clock; after which the company reſumed the dancing till ſeven o'clock on Saturday morning.

Among thoſe preſent, were:

| | |
|---|---|
| The Duke of Gordon, | Ducheſs of Gordon, |
| Marquis of Graham, | Lady Hopetoun, |
| Marquis of Huntley, | Lady Anne Hope, |
| Lord Hopetoun, | Lady Georgina Hope, |
| Mr Pitt, | Lady Charlotte Gordon. |

The Ducheſs of Gordon danced a Strathſpey with uncommon agility.

*Extract of a letter from Windſor, April* 23.

"The loyal inhabitants of this royal borough obſerved the thankſgiving this day in the moſt ſolemn manner. At ten o'clock the Princeſſes Mary, Sophia, and Amelia, attended by Miſs Goldſworthy, &c. went from the Queen's Lodge to the Chapel Royal, where divine ſervice was performed. A moſt pathetic ſermon was preached by the Rev. Mr Majendie, one of the canons of Windſor. At half paſt ten, the Mayor and Corporation, followed by the children of the Sunday ſchool, &c. went in proceſſion from the Town-hall to the pariſh-church. An excellent ſermon was preached by the Rev. Mr Boſtock, Vicar of the pariſh. Eighty of the children were clothed by his Majeſty on this occaſion, and all of them wore on their hats a garter blue ribband, with "Long live the King," in letters of gold: to every one of them was given a medal which were hung round their necks by an orange ribband. On one ſide is a head of the King, and round which is, "God ſave the King." On the other, "When we forget him, may God forget us——Thurlow —Reſtored to health March 1789." After divine ſervice, bread, &c. was diſtributed to each of the children by order of her Majeſty."

PRICE OF STOCKS, APRIL 29.

| | |
|---|---|
| [illegible] 122¾ | India Stock, — |
| New 4 per cent. 1777, 94¾ a 95 | 3 per cent. India Ann. — |
| 3 per cent. Ann. 1785, 114¼ a ½ a ¾. | India Bonds, 79a 78s. |
| 3 per cent. red. 74¾. | South Sea Stock, — |
| 3 per cent. con. 75¼. | Ditto Old Ann. — |
| 3 per cent. 1726, — | Ditt. New Ann — |
| Long Ann. ſhut, 20¼ | [illegible] cent. 1 [illegible], — |
| Ditto Short 1778 and 1779, 13 5-16ths a ⅜. | New Navy and Victualling Bills, 1⅛. |
| | Exch. Bills, — |
| | Iriſh Tickets, 7 l. 2 s. |

WIND AT DEAL, APRIL 28 S. W.

BANKRUPT.

Thomas Mumford, late of Duck-lane, in the pariſh of St George, in the county of Middleſex, dealer.—James Blair, now or late of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaſter, brewer.—Thomas Grace of Devonſhire-ſquare, Biſhopſgate-ſtreet, London, warehouſeman, (partner with Joſeph Freeman of Devonſhire-ſquire, Biſhopſgate-ſtreet, London, warehouſeman.)—Charles Briggs, late of Sherborne, in the county of Dorſet, miller.—Stephen Cambridge of Theveſcombe, in the pariſh of Minchi Hampton, in the county of Gloceſter, clothier.—Peter Ramonet of Bury-ſtreet, in the pariſh of St James's, Weſtminſter, in the county of Middleſex, milliner.—Samuel Tidmas of the Borough of Warwick, in the county of Warwick, grocer.—Joſeph Simpſon, late of Wardour-ſtreet, in the pariſh of St Ann, Soho, in the county of Middleſex, builder and carpenter.—Peter Grab, of Brown's buildings, St Mary-axe, London, dealer.—Jane Smith of Princes Riſborough, in the county of Bucks, ſhop-keeper.—Samuel Hodgſon and John Linley, late of Bartholomew-cloſe, London, ſath makers and copartners.—Moſes Cohen, otherwiſe Moſes Jacobs Cohen of New-ſtreet, Whitechapel, in the pariſh St Botolph, Aldgate, in the city of London, and Samuel Moſes, late of the town of Buckingham, hardwaremen and tobacconiſts, copartners (carrying on buſineſs under the firm of Moſes Cohen and Company.)

EDINBURGH.

Thurſday was married [illegible] Mackenzie, writer to the ſignet, to Miſs Janet Campbell, daughter of the deceaſed James Goodlet Campbell of Achlyne, Eſq.

On Sunday was married, at Bradford, Lieut. Gilleſpie, of the marines, ſon to Principal Gilleſpie of St Andrew's, to Miſs Prieſtley, daughter of the late Jonathan Prieſtley, Eſq. of Winteridge.

On the 28th April, the Lady of James Lindſay Carnegie, Eſq; was ſafely delivered of a ſon at his houſe of Kinblethmont.

Died at Torbreck, near Inverneſs, the 26th of April, Mrs Margaret Dewar, in an advanced age.

The Rev. Mr Robert Glendinning, miniſter of the goſpel at Crail, died here on Saturday the 25th curt. much and juſtly regretted.

Yeſterday the Right Hon. Henry Dundas, Treaſurer of the Navy, ſet off for London. Tueſday, being the anniverſary of his birth, he entertained a numerous company at his new houſe at Melville.

The review of the 7th regiment of foot, which was appointed to take place in Burntsfield links on Monday, is put off till Wedneſday next.

Yeſterday morning, arrived in Leith harbour the Charlotte of Leith, Haſtie, (the property of Sibbald and Co.) from Jamaica, with pimento and coffee. The Charlotte is the ſmalleſt veſſel that ever made a voyage from Scotland to the Weſt Indies, being only 35 tons burthen. She left Jamaica the latter end of Febrtiary.

On the 18th ult. Mr James Ruſſel, ſurgeon and clinical lecturer on ſurgery in the Royal Infirmary of Edinburgh, was elected an honorary member of the Chirurgo, Medical, and Chemical Societies in the Univerſity of Glaſgow.

On Thurſday 30th April 1789, the degree of Doctor of Medicine was conferred by the College of St Andrew's on John Cowan, Eſq; of Newry in Ireland, he having had his degree of Maſter of Arts ſome time before at the College of Glaſgow.

The ports in the county of Norfolk, and in Berwickſhire, are opened for the importation of foreign wheat.

The account from Liverpool, inſerted in ſome o

the papers of an engagement betwixt Captain Cook's revenue cutter, and a smuggler, in which Captain Cook was said to be wounded, and several of the crew killed, is entirely without foundation.

Yesterday the foundation stone of the Mineral Well of St Bernards was laid in presence of several Gentlemen of the neighbourhood. A plate of metal was sunk into the stone with the following inscription:

Erected
For the Benefit of the Public,
At the sole Expence
Of
FRANCIS GARDEN, Esq.
Of Troop,
One of the Senators of the
College of Justice.
*A. D.*
1789.
Alexander Nasmith, Arch$^t$.
John Wilson, Builder.

This building is erected in the most picturesque spot in the neighbourhood of Edinburgh, and when finished, from the elegance of the plan, and the excellent quality of the materials, will long be an ornament to the city, and prove a lasting monument of the refined taste, liberality, and public spirit of the Honourable Founder.

The tragedy of Vimonda, of which very favourable accounts appeared in all the London papers, on its first representation there, is the production of a young Scotch Gentleman, who bids fair to make a very conspicuous figure in the literary world, and who has already given to the public several pieces of merit. The Epilogue is the composition of Mr Mackenzie, author of the Man of Feeling, &c.—Mr Naesmith, on the first representation of the tragedy in this place, we are informed, gives some assistance in the decorations of the scenery.

On Tuesday last, the Synod of Merse and Tiviotdale met at Kelso, when, after a sermon by the Reverend Mr Johnston, minister of Earlston, their former moderator, the Synod made choice of the Reverend Mr Home, minister of Ayton, to be their moderator. The Synod unanimously agreed to address his Majesty on his happy recovery, which address is sent off to Sir George Douglas, Bart. Member for the county of Roxburgh, to be presented to his Majesty. There was laid before the Synod, by a reference from the Presbytery of Kelso, a complaint against Mr Powley, sub-curate of Carham, and against Mr Sheriff, seceder minister at Yetholm, for marrying without legal proclamation, and also an opinion of the Procurator of the Church on these two cases, bearing, "That Mr Powley falls within the act of Queen Anne, chap. 7. commonly called the Toleration Act, by which it is provided, that no Episcopal Minister in Scotland presume to marry any person, unless the banns shall have been proclaimed three several Lord's days in the Episcopal congregation where the parties frequent, and in the churches to which they belong as parishioners in virtue of their residence, and that under the pain inflicted by the laws of Scotland in cases of clandestine marriages, that is to say, The celebrator of such marriages may be prosecuted by the King's Advocate, or Procurator for the Church; and, if convicted, may be punished with perpetual banishment, not to return to Scotland under the pain of death."

In the case of Mr Sheriff, the Procurator is of opinion, "That the marriage is irregular, not having been made according to the rules of the Church, and the marriage having been performed by one who is not a minister of the Church of Scotland, the parties may be censured for an irregular marriage in the usual manner, and the person solemnizing such marriage comes under the act 1661, chap. 34. concerning clandestine marriages, and may be prosecuted by the King's Advocate, or Procurator for the Church, and is liable, on conviction, to banishment, not to return on pain of death." The Synod taking into their serious consideration the above cases, unanimously agreed to refer the affair respecting Mr Powley to the ensuing General Assembly of this Church, confiding in their wisdom to take the proper steps to check a practice so prejudicial to the interests of society. With respect to Mr Sheriff; Mr Blackie, minister of Yetholm, having represented to the Synod, that he had good reason, from Mr Sheriff himself, to believe that he would abstain from such irregularities in time to come; in consideration of this circumstance, the Synod agreed to pass over the matter at present, without ordering any legal step to be taken against him, not doubting that this lenity will have the effect of confirming Mr Sheriff in his resolution to obey the laws of the land. The overture anent Sunday Schools is referred to next Synod.

Monday last, in consequence of public notice, the Lord Provost and Magistrates of Glasgow, Ministers of the City, Governors of Wilson's Charity, Patrons of Hutcheson's Hospital, Committee of the City Hospital, together with the whole children of these charities, consisting of near 200 boys and girls neatly clothed, walked in procession from Hutcheson's Hospital, to St Andrew's Church, to hear sermon, agreeable to annual custom. The sermon was preached by the Reverend Mr John Maccaul, one of the ministers of that city, from Heb. xiii. 17. "Obey them that have the rule over you, and submit yourselves," &c. Besides the Governors and children, the auditory was numerous and genteel.

After sermon, the boys of Wilson's and Hutcheson's charities dined in the Assembly Hall; a sight which excited the finest sensations in the minds of those Ladies and Gentlemen who did themselves the pleasure of viewing so happy and agreeable a number of young ones at dinner. The children of the City Hospital dined publicly in their own hall, and afforded a sight equally gratifying to a genteel company; for their appearance was cheerful, and their dress, on this occasion, attracted more than common notice. A genteel collection was made at the church door.

Among the Charity Children who usually make this procession, the boys of the Highland Society made their first appearance; and it is but justice to say, that it was a delightful one.

The boys were dressed in uniform cloathing, of a drab colour, and blue bonnets. They were preceded by the Rev. Mr Fraser, the Society's Chaplain, in his gown and band, with two of the Directors, and the Preses and other Directors closed the procession. After sermon they returned, in the same order, to the Black Bull Inn, where the boys were entertained with a sumptuous dinner, in presence of a number of ladies and gentlemen, who honoured the meeting with their company, and who expressed their high satisfaction at the decent and becoming deportment of the boys; the boys again, in their manner and appearance, expressed sensibly the gratitude of their hearts to their benefactors.

These boys are chiefly orphans, and children of poor people in the Highlands and Islands of Scotland, to whom, along with their descendents, the charity of this Society is solely confined; and several of them have come two or three hundred miles to get the benefit of it, and to enjoy these blessings of education, which God in his Providence thought proper to deny them at home. While much praise is therefore due to the Magistrates and Ministers, and patrons of other charities in Glasgow, for their attention to these institutions, we would be wanting in duty, if we omitted a similar tribute to the Directors of the Highland Society, who extend their beneficent labours to strangers, and the poor of distant lands, and who are ever ready to afford an asylum to those who would otherwise find no help of man.

The Society give their boys a course of education for three years, during which time they are properly and decently cloathed, and they are also put to such trades as they incline to follow. During their apprenticeships, the Directors make such provisions for them, as to afford a comfortable subsistance; and thus, while religious and industrious habits are exercised, a foundation is laid for future usefulness.

We are informed, that, at the last general Meeting of the Society of the Antiquaries of Scotland, Mr William Smellie moved, That the Society should present an Address of congratulation to his Majesty, their beneficent patron, on the recovery of his health. The Society unanimously, and most cordially, agreed thereto. He also proposed that the Queen, and the Prince of Wales, as having the greatest interest in his Majesty's preservation, should likewise be addressed, which equally met with unanimous approbation; and, that no time might be lost in offering these expressions of their loyalty and gratitude, he was desired to prepare these Addresses, and submit them to a meeting of the Council of the Society, to be called *pro re nata*, for their approbation; and that the Addresses to the King and Queen should be transmitted to the Marquis of Graham, and that to the Prince to Sir Thomas Dundas, Baronet, both honorary members of the Society, with a request that they should present them in name of the Society.

Tuesday night, about nine o'clock, some of the felons in the jail of Glasgow attempted to set fire to their room, by collecting the straw of their beds together, and putting it up the chimney. No damage was done, excepting bringing forward the water engines, and alarming the town. The poor wretches were neatly suffocated by the smoke.

Same night, in a house in Bridge street, Glasgow, a young child, about four months old, while sleeping in bed with its mother, had its arm tore in a most shocking manner by a rat. The child is still living, but in great agony.

Wednesday se'ennight, a journeyman shoemaker was convicted before the Magistrates of Aberdeen, of taking in work from another master before completing the work he was hired to perform, which by statute 12th Geo. II. cap. 8. sec. 8. subjects the offender to one month's confinement in the house of correction; and which would have been put in execution, had not the master who complained, interposed, and requested that the punishment might be mitigated.

The editor of this paper is peculiarly happy in contradicting, in a great measure, the paragraph inserted last week respecting the fire in Brayton Barff wood, which account was sent him in a letter signed John Britcham, Brayton near Selby. It may operate as a caution to the fabricator of that piece of intelligence to hint, that whatever amusement he might derive from the recital thereof, no merit can accrue to any one who, under the mask of friendship, personates the character of an impostor not only on the printer of a newspaper, but also on the public.—*York Courant.*

The Class of Natural History will be opened on Friday next, the 8th instant, by Dr WALKER, in the College Museum, at two o'clock afternoon.

PRICES of GRAIN at HADDINGTON, May 4.

| | First. | Second. | Third. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat, | 26s. 0d. | 24s. 6d. | 23s. 0d. |
| Barley, | 16 0 | 14 8 | 13 6 |
| Oats, | 10 3 | 9 3 | 8 6 |
| Pease, | 9 6 | 8 4 | 7 6 |
| Beans, | 10 0 | 9 0 | 8 2 |
| Rye, | 11 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 |
| Tares, | 10 6 | 0 0 | 0 0 |

There was a great market to-day—But we have every market day a grand exhibition of stallions; twelve appeared this day, valued by some connoisseurs about 600 l. Sterling.

Thermometer and Barometer since our last:

| | | | | Therm. | Bar. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| *Thursday,* | *April* 30. | 8 | P. M. | 44 | 29.64 |
| *Friday,* | *May* 1. | 8 | A. M. | 44 | 29.80 |
| | | 8 | P. M. | 45 | 29.70 |
| *Saturday,* | —— 2. | 8 | A. M. | 46 | 29.70 |


MONEY.

WANTED to borrow, at Whitsunday next, TWO THOUSAND POUNDS sterling, upon undoubted heritable security.

For particulars, apply to James Smellie, writer to the signet, Castlehill.

THEATRE-ROYAL.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF
Mr WILLIAMSON.

On WEDNESDAY Evening, May 6. will be presented, Shakespeare's celebrated Historical Play, called

HENRY IV.

OR, THE
HUMOURS OF SIR JOHN FALSTAFF.

*Dressed in the Habits of the Times.*

The Part of the Prince of Wales to be attempted By Mrs BARRESFORD.

Hotspur, Mr WOODS;
King Henry, Mr SPARKS;
Worcester, Mr ARCHER;
Poins, Mr BLAND, Jun.
Francis, Mr MOSS;
Westmoreland, Mr HENDERSON;
Northumberland, Mr CHARTERIS;
Sir Richard Vernon, Mr BELL;
Douglas, Mr WOODROOFFE;
Sir Walter Blunt, Mr HALLION;
Randolph, Mr J. BLAND;
First Carrier, Mr CHARTERIS;
Prince John of Lancaster,—Mr CHARTERIS, Jun.
And Sir John Falstaff, Mr WILLIAMSON.
Hostess, Mrs CHARTERIS;
And Lady Percy, — Mrs COATS.

To which will be added a FARCE, never performed here, called, The

ROMANCE OF AN HOUR.

Written by KELLY, Author of the School for Wives, &c.

The Original Prologue and Epilogue,
By Mr WOODS and Mrs BARRESFORD.

Sir Hector Strangeways, (Admiral, and Knight of the Bath) By Mr WILSON;
Orson, Mr MOSS;
Colonel Ormsby, Mr WOODROOFFE;
Philip, Mr HENDERSON;
James, Mr CHARTERIS, Jun.
Burton, (a Gentoo)—Mr WILLIAMSON;
And Brownlow, — Mr WOODS.
Lady Di Strangeways, Mrs CHARTERIS;
Jenny, Mrs J BLAND;
And Zelida, — Mrs BARRESFORD.

Tickets and Places for the Boxes to be had of Mr Gibb, and of Mr Williamson, Shakespeare Square.

BOARD AND EDUCATION.

MISS BARCLAY thinks it her duty to announce to her Friends and the Public, the return of her Sister from Paris, where, by a steady application, and the benefit of genteel company, she has made herself perfectly acquainted with the French language. Both Sisters have resided so long in France as to acquire a complete knowledge of that fashionable language; so that such Young Ladies as may be intrusted to their care, will have an opportunity of writing with correctness, and conversing with facility; and the Miss Barclays shall at all times unite their endeavours to accomplish their Young Ladies in this as well as in every other branch of polite education.

N. B. The Miss Barclays have found it necessary to move at Whitsunday next, to a large well-aired commodious house, all within itself, in South Hanover Street.

*This Day is Published,*
A CATALOGUE
OF
CHOICE PRINTS,
Many of which are Proofs;
A fine assortment of Ryland's Works, proofs and first impressions,
Which will be sold by auction, in Martin's Sale Room, Old Bank Close, on Monday, May 4. 1789, and three following evenings, at half eight o'clock precisely.

CLOVER SEED.

JAMES BERTRAM, Merchant, Grass-market, has just received by the Kingston, Captain Gardner, A fresh assortment of CLOVER SEED, which will be sold upon as low terms as the market can possibly admit

GOODS STOLEN.

On the night of the 12th ultimo,

A BALE was broke open on a Carrier's Cart, at Burn-Wynd, eight miles west from Edinburgh, and the following goods carried off, viz.

Upon Cotton and Linen,
3 pieces, containing 84 yards four coloured stripe furniture.
1 do. do. 28 yards light ground stripe chintz do.
4 do. do. 112 yards dark, do. do. do. do
Upon Cloth all Cotton,
5 pieces, containing 140 yards dark ground stripe chintz furniture.
9 do. do. 253 yards large running chintz furniture, with an olive spray ground.

Each piece marked on the ends STIRLINGS, Glasgow.

If any such goods are offered for sale, by any suspicious person or persons, it is hoped they will be stopped; and if any person can give any information where the said goods can be found, so as they may be recovered, or may lead to the conviction of persons guilty, shall have TEN POUNDS of Reward, by applying to Messrs William Stirling and Sons, Glasgow, or Mr George Fraser, opposite the General Post-Office, Edinburgh.

*Sale of Household Furniture.*

There is to be SOLD by public auction, upon Wednesday the 6th day of May instant, in that Lodging, No. 35. Prince's Street, New Town,

THE whole HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of Drawing Room, Dining Room, Bed-Chamber, and Kitchen Furniture, &c. &c.

Sale to begin at eleven o'clock forenoon each day.

DALGLIESH and FORREST, Auctioneers.

TO BUILDERS.

THERE is at present on hand, and ready for Sale at DALMAHOY QUARRY, a large quantity of QUARRIED STONES, fit for Steps of Stairs, Lintells, Sills, Rebbits, Ashler Pavement, &c. The Stone is of excellent and durable quality, easy wrought, and sold at a reasonable price; and if larger stones are wanted, they can be got of a very great size.

Application to be made to Andrew Cuninghame, or Archibald Rankine at Dalmahoy.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

JAMES DUN has at present on hand, at his Cabinet Warehouse, Lauriston Street, in the Tenement adjoining the Hay Steelyard,

A Choice Assortment of Side-board and Joining Tables, Tea, Card, and other Tables, Chests of Drawers, Desks, and Book-cases, Chairs, Mahogany Bedsteads, with plain, fluted, and Gothic Posts, Tent ditto of different sizes, Book-cases and Press-beds different Kinds, Sophas, Eight-day Clocks, in mahogany and wainscot cases, Tea Trays, Knife cases, Mirrors and Dressing Glasses, Mahogany Candlesticks, and a variety of other articles in the cabinet branch, of the best materials and workmanship. Also, several pieces of Carpets, Matresses, and other articles in the upholstery branch,—all which he is selling

*On Reasonable Terms, for Ready Money.*

N. B. There are at present in his Warehouse, some most elegant Side Boards, and other pieces of Furniture.

The said JAMES DUN carries on the WRIGHT BUSINESS, both in the Cabinet and House Joiner Branches; and, as he is more than ordinary attentive in having his timber well seasoned, and of having every other part of the manufactory properly executed, he hopes to merit a part of the public favour.

☞ His Daughter also, at the same place, manufactures WHITE THREAD of all kinds. Ladies who please to honour her with their favours may depend upon its being of the best quality.

LANGUE FRANCOISE.

M. MAIRE, native of France, has at his lodging several Classes for the FRENCH LANGUAGE, whose Pupils who honour him with their attendance, are carefully instructed, and thoroughly grounded in its elements. Those who have already entered on the study of this Language, will acquire the facility of writing correctly, that fluency of conversation, according to the idiom and elegance of pronunciation, which can only be obtained by conversing with the natives.

He attends also Ladies and Gentlemen at their lodgings.

Terms very moderate, and may be known by applying to Mr Maire, at Mr Menzies, paper-stainer, within the head of Blackfriar's Wynd.

SALE OF TEAS.

*Parliament Square, Edinburgh.*

W. HUTTON begs leave to acquaint his Friends and the Public, That he has just now got to hand a large assortment of fine BLACK and GREEN TEAS, warranted genuine as imported by the East India Company, which he purchased at the last sale, and are now selling for ready money only on the most reasonable terms.

W. HUTTON hopes that these Teas will, both in quality and price, merit the approbation of those who are pleased to favour him with their commands.

Gunpowder Tea and Chocolate.

N. B. Commissions from the country carefully attended to.

JAMES SPADIN Grocer, fourth shop below the Fleshmarket Close-head, informs his Friends and the Public that he received per the Endeavour, part of the stock of TEAS that was purchased for him at last East India sale, which on trial will be found equal in quality and flavour to any sold in town or neighbourhood.—Fine old Jamaica Rum and Shrub, Coniac Brandy, Port and Sherry Wines, Cyder and Burton Ale, London Porter, with all sorts of Grocery Goods.—Cumberland Hams, and Flitches of Bacon, Beef, and Mutton Hams, Dried Tongues, and in the pickle, ditto Russia Tongues, Peaks and Normandy Rennets, Florence Oil, and Durham Mustard, French Vinegar, India Soy, and Caviar.—North Wiltshire, Double Gloucester, and Cheshire Cheese.—A cargo of fine Raw Sugar.—The above Teas will be sold as low as any of the same quality offered to sale.

Commissions from the country carefully answered.

WANTED,

A Sober, active, young Man, to attend a Shop or Warehouse, frequented by genteel company.—He must be capable of receiving orders with attention, and executing them with care and punctuality.

Those whom this may suit, will please apply by letter to F. G. to be left with the Publisher, mentioning their name and employment, by whom they can be recommended, and the encouragement they expect. Not to be repeated.

NEW LINEN-DRAPERY,
AND HABERDASHERY.
CHARLES PHIN,
*(Late in the Firm of* BOW AND Co.*)*

IN a few days will open that Shop, first door above the [illegible] and Fashionable Assortment of the above articles.

NEW UPHOLSTERY WAREHOUSE.
No. 4. South Bridge Street, West Side.

BRAIDWOOD and BRUCE offer their respectful compliments to their numerous Friends and the Public—They beg leave to inform them, that one of the Partners is just returned from London, Manchester, &c. where he has selected the most complete and fashionable assortment of UPHOLSTERY ARTICLES ever offered for sale here: they can particularly recommend their Chintz, Printed and White Cotton Furniture. Part of the goods are already come to hand; and, as the prices are uncommonly low, they have no doubt of the continuance of the public favour.

A general assortment of Cabinet Work, Chairs, and every other article in their various branches, always on hand.

They continue to execute Joiners Work on moderate terms, as formerly.

Figured Stuffs for Furniture,

OF excellent quality, and remarkably cheap, very fitable for window curtains, &c. for public rooms or bed curtains, to be Sold by Young and Trotter, at their Warehouse, New Town.

Their assortment of Upholstery, Chairs, Cabinet Work, and Carpets, very full and complete, as usual.

TO BE SOLD,

At Mr Smith's new Coach-yard, Pleasance,

A Very handsome Four-Wheeled CHAISE, with Harness for a pair of Horses,

For further particulars, enquire at Mr Smith.

Not to be repeated.

TO BE LET,

And entered to at Whitsunday,

THAT genteel, large, and commodious LODGING at the end of Potterrow, called *Dairymple house*, consisting of twelve rooms, kitchen, &c. with coach-house and stables.—rent 50 l.

A SCHOOLMASTER WANTED.

THE School of *Kingsbarns* being *vacant*, the Heritors of the Parish have agreed to supply the vacancy by a comparative trial within the School-House, on Tuesday the 9th of June next. The requisite branches of Education are English, Writing, Arithmetic, and Church Music, and the knowledge of the Latin Tongue will be esteemed a recommendation. Intending Candidates are desired to lodge certificates of their characters, on or before the day of competition, with the Rev. Mr Badenach, Minister of the Parish, who will inform as to the salary, and the other emoluments of that office

TO BE LET,

And entered to at Martinmas next,

THE FARM of ARNISTONMAINS, consisting of 100 acres, well inclosed, and in high order, having been long in the possession of the proprietor. Any quantity of pasture may also be had immediately contiguous.

For particulars, apply to Mr James Newbigging at the Sheriff Clerks Office, Edinburgh, or Mr James Veitch at Merrington, by Dunse. Alexander Patullo, overseer at Arnistonmains, will show the lands.

RESTORATIVE FOR THE EYES, &c.

WHICH strengthens and clears dim and weak eyes,—

It is particularly serviceable for Students, when the eyes are fatigued or irritated by candle-light. Also removes hot watery humours, which, by inflaming the eye-lids, always occasion so much pain; and if applied in time, it will remove specks, and prevent cataracts. For other purposes it is also a convenient Family Medicine. It cures fresh wounds and bruises in less time, and with less trouble, than any other vulnerary yet known, and by a powerful anodyne quality, gives relief in pain, whether occasioned by bruises, the rheumatism, or the head or tooth-ach.

It is prepared by a reputable Chemist in London, and has for many years been constantly used by many surgeons of the first character. Sold in bottles marked with the proprietor's name, and folded in printed directions, signed by himself, at 2 s. 9 d. each, duty included, by Mr JOHN MONCKIEFF, Apothecary, Edinburgh; Messrs John Kent and Co. Glasgow; Mr Ishmael Smith, Druggist, Aberdeen; Mr John Torry, druggist, Banff; and at Messrs Morrison and Son's, Perth.

Where also may be had Dr JAMES's FEVER POWDERS, prepared by Benj. Perrin, chemical operator to the late Dr James, at 1 s. 6 d. per packet.

N. B. The Aerated Alkaline, lately advertised by Mr Moncrieff, has since been used by a number of people to great advantage, and it is justly esteemed to be the most valuable remedy ever discovered for the relief and cure of scrofulous complaints

## ORKNEY SHIPPING.

*Sailed from Stromness,*

April 9. Jeremiah of Maryport, Wife, from Whitehaven, for Carron, iron ore.
Randalls of and from Ulverston, Neal, for Hull, ditto.
Mary of Carlisle, Gurlie, from Whitehaven, for Hull, ditto.
Seaton of and from Workington, Craig, for Carron, ditto.
Christian of and from Whitehaven, Harrison, for Carron, ditto.
Lovely Nelly of and from Whitehaven, Walker, for ditto, ditto.
Rose of and from Lancaster, Inman, for Hull, slates.
Ann of and from Greenock, M'Ivar, for Hull, torpentine.
Adventure of and from Banff, Robison, from Easdale, slates.
11. Jenny of and from Greenock, Cook, for Rotterdam, tobacco.
15. Herriot of and from Newcastle, Buchanan, for Lochherringpool, ballast.
—— of and for Shields, Hoback, from Memel, wood.

REMAINS,

Nelly of Irvine, Board, from Dublin, for Memel.
Hope of ditto, Steel, from ditto, ditto.
Jupiter of and from Stranraer, Morrison, for Memel, ballast.
Hamilton of and for Saltcoats, Small, for ditto, ditto.
Maxwell of and from Campbelton, M'Nivan, for Kirkwall, ditto.
Williams of and from Campbelton, Johnston, for Gottenburgh, ditto.
Saltcoats of and from Saltcoats, Wilson, for Dantzick, ditto.
Three Friends of Leith, Burnet, from ——, for Gottenburgh, ditto.

ARRIVED AT LEITH,

May 1. Charlotte, Hastie, from Kingston, Jamaica, goods.
James, Sinclair, from Inverness, ditto.
Countess of Kintore, Milne, from Aberdeen, ditto.
2. Barbary Gray, Gray, from Methel, grain.
Brothers, Robertson, from Kirkwall, goods and slates.
One sloop with coals.

SAILED,

Helen, Heggon, for Hull, goods.
Star, Ritchie, for London, ditto.
Mary, Hay, for London, ditto.
Bell and Anne, Abbey, for Dunbar, ditto.
Three Friends, Watt, for Inverness, ditto.

*Paisley, April* 3. 1789.

INTIMATION is hereby given, That ANDREW PATTISON of Paisley, who was concerned in business with JOHN PATTISON jun. of Paisley, the subscriber, under the name and firm of John Pattison Jun. and Company, has retired from the said business, and has no longer any share or interest in the same.

The debts due to the Company will be collected, and all demands against the Company settled, by the said John Pattison [illegible] his own account. JOHN PATTISON Jun.

Witnessed by
ROBERT GRAHAME. Notary Public.
WILLIAM SCOTT MONCRIEFF, Notary Public.

## QUEENSFERRY PASSAGE.

THE BOATS and YAWLS upon the passage betwixt South and North Queensferry are to be SET by public roup or private bargain, for one or more years after Whitsunday next, in the option of the proprietors, within the house of Mr Balchild, at New Halls, upon Saturday the 9th day of May curt. at twelve o'clock noon.

Offers for a lease may be given in to Captain James Taylor, Queensferry, betwixt and the day of roup.

## TO BE SOLD OR LET,

For any number of years,

THE HOUSE called GREENHILL, built upon the banks of Ayr, with half an acre of garden ground, all inclosed, a little below the end of the new bridge, on the north side of the river Ayr, consisting of twelve fire rooms, nine of them neatly finished. The situation is pleasant and healthy, with an extensive view of the sea and country.

Apply for particulars to Captain John Hamilton of the Princess Elizabeth Excise Yacht at Greenock.

## BAKE-HOUSE & OTHER HOUSES IN EDINBURGH—TO SELL.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Tuesday the 19th May 1789, between the hours of 6 and 7 afternoon,

THE BAKE-HOUSE and DWELLING-HOUSES in Potterrow, which belonged to the deceased George Turnbull, baker there, yielding of yearly rent about 35 l. Sterling.

The title deeds, articles of roup, &c. are in the hands of George Andrew, writer in Edinburgh.

## HOUSES IN THE NEW TOWN.

To be SOLD or LET,

SEVERAL HOUSES in North Hanover Street, west side, being the corner building between that and Thistle-Street, viz.

To be Sold, That Dwelling House in the before-mentioned tenement, being the sunk storey, and the one immediately above the pavement, consisting of an elegant dining-room and parlour, with three bed-rooms and closets in the upper storey, and four bed-rooms and kitchen in the under storey, with water-pipe, cellars, and other conveniencies under the pavement. The front of the sunk storey might to advantage be converted into shops, and enough reserved for the house besides.

To be Sold or Let,—The Dwelling-House immediately above the one before mentioned, consisting of a large dining-room and parlour, with two bed-rooms, closets, and a kitchen. The entry from Thistle Street.

As also, to be Sold or Let,—The Dwelling-House immediately above the one last mentioned of the same size and dimensions.

As also, to be Sold or Let,—The Attic Storey of said tenement, consisting of five rooms and a kitchen. This last might be, at very little expence, converted into two small dwelling-houses.

All these houses command a beautiful view of the Frith of Forth, and country adjacent, which never can be interrupted.

As also to be SOLD or LET, several Smaller Houses and Shops in Thistle-Street, adjoining to those above mentioned.

These houses will be sold or let upon the most moderate terms. Mrs Veitch, who lives in one of the houses in Thistle Street, will shew the premisses; and further particulars will be had by enquiring at James Spottiswood, writer, St James's Square, Edinburgh.

## FOR SALE AT DUNBAR,

A Very Handsome VESSEL, 58 feet Keel, and 2 feet 8 inches extreme breadth, wholly built of oak, and will be ready to launch in three or four weeks.

The purchaser may have a freight for her with coals to St Petersburgh, and back with hemp, deals, &c. at the customary rate.

For further particulars apply to Mipdlemas, Hay, and Co. Dunbar.

## WRIGHT'S SHOP, HOUSES and GARDEN, &c. to be SOLD or LET; and NOTICE to CREDITORS.

To be SOLD or LET, and entered to at Whitsunday next,

THAT Large New Wright's Shop, and the Wood-yard, Shade, and Saw-pit belonging thereto; as also, two Dwelling-houses and Garden, all lying near the head of the West Port, on the north side of the street, and lately possessed by the deceased John Russel, wright, and others.

These Subjects are highly eligible for any person intending to carry on the business of a Wright or Cabinet-maker, as they are well situated, possess many conveniencies, and have an easy communication with the street.

For further particulars application may be made to John Tawse, writer, Parliament Square, or to James Scott, merchant, West Bow.

Such persons as the said John Russel stood indebted to, who have not produced their grounds of debt, are requested betwixt and the 5th of May next, to lodge with the said John Tawse, notes of their claims, specifying how they are constituted, that proper measures may be taken for their payment.

## NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of HENRY FORSYTE, late Merchant and Confectioner in Aberdeen.

ALexander Brebner and George Pirie, both merchants in Aberdeen, trustees on the sequestrated estate of the said Henry Forsyth, do hereby give notice, That a state of the debts, with a scheme of the application of the funds recovered, is made up, and will, in terms of the act of Parliament, remain in the hands of the trustees, open for the inspection of the whole Creditors and their Agents, till Monday the 6th day of July next, 1789; on which day a meeting of the Creditors is to be held in the house of Peter Wilkie vintner in Aberdeen, at one o'clock afternoon, agreeable to the statute, in order that the Creditors may receive their dividends, or shares, of the first distribution of the said Henry Forsyth's estate, and give such directions as may appear necessary respecting the future management.

## NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of ARCHIBALD CROLL, Merchant in Dundee.

UPON the 24th day of February last, Archibald Croll executed a trust disposition of his whole means and effects, in favour of William Webster, junior, and David Hogg, merchants in Dundee, as trustees for his whole creditors.—The said William Webster and David Hogg do therefore, in terms of the foresaid trust deed, hereby require the whole persons, that were at the date foresaid just and lawful creditors to the said Archibald Croll, to produce and lodge their grounds of debt with the said trustees, or with Thomas Smart, writer in Dundee, with oaths of verity thereon, and that within two months from and after this public notice, when a division of the proceeds will be made; certifying that those who fail to do so, will be cut off from the benefit of the said trust deed. Not to be repeated.

## NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of Messf. HOG, COPLAND, SWEET, and COMPANY, Manufacturers in Glasgow, and JOHN HOG, WILLIAM COPLAND, and THOMAS SWEET, the Individual partners of said Company.

AT a Meeting of the Creditors of the said Messf. Hog, Copland, Sweet, and Company, and the individual partners thereof, held within the Tontine, Glasgow, upon the 28th of April ult. Walter Ewing merchant in Glasgow was unanimously chosen trustee upon their sequestrated estates; and his appointment is since confirmed by the Lord Elliock, ordinary officiating on the bills. The trustee now requests, that such of the creditors as have not lodged their grounds of debt, with oaths of verity thereon, will lodge the same with him before the 21st of November next, being nine kalendar months from the date of the sequestration.—Those who fail to do so will not be entitled to any share in the first dividend of the bankrupt's estate.

## *NOTICE*

To the CREDITORS of ROBERT WILLIAMSON and GAVIN MONTEATH, Merchants in Greenock.

UPON the application of the said Robert Williamson and Gavin Monteath, with concurrence of a creditor to the extent required by law, Lord Rockville, ordinary, of this date, sequestrated the whole real and personal estates of the said Robert Williamson and Gavin Monteath as a company, trading under the firm of Williamson and Monteath, or Gavin Monteath and Company, or Monteath and Williamson, and of the said Robert Williamson and Gavin Monteath as individuals, situated within the jurisdiction of the Court, and appointed their creditors to meet within the house of John Mackechnie vintner in Greenock, upon the 8th day of May current, at twelve o'clock mid-day, in order to name an interim-factor on the sequestrated estates of the said Williamson and Monteath, and for the other purposes mentioned in the statute.

Of which this intimation is given to all concerned.

*May* 1. 1789.

## FIRST NOTICE—FIRST TERM.

THAT in the process of Ranking and Sale, raised and depending before the Lords of Council and Session, at the instance of George Home, Esq: of Branxton, factor and manager for Messf. Douglas, Heron, and Co. late bankers in Ayr, with concourse of his Majesty's Advocate for his Majesty's interest, against Alexander Orr, eldest son of the deceased Alexander Orr writer to the signet, and his Creditors, Lord Dreghorn, Ordinary, by an interlocutor, dated the 4th day of March 1789, named Lord Stonefield, Ordinary of course, to rank the Creditors, and assigned the 12th day of June next for the first term, to the whole Creditors of the bankrupt to produce all their claims, rights, and diligences competent to them, respectively, against the bankrupt or his estate, with certification, as in a reduction and improbation; and also assigned the said 12th day of June next to the whole Creditors for deponing on the verity of their debts. O. M. BRUCE, Clk.

## HOUSES FOR SALE.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 13th of May, at five o'clock afternoon.

Several LODGINGS or DWELLING HOUSES, in Two Large Tenements lying on the east side of Saint Patrick's Square, Edinburgh, lately built by Archibald and Aikman. One Lodging consisting of seven rooms, kitchen, and cellars, with a piece of back ground. Other Lodgings consisting of four rooms, bed closet, kitchen, and cellars, having the privilege of the Square, back ground, well, &c. As also, the Attic Storey in the great Tenement lying on the south of the Chapel of Ease, consisting of sixe rooms, kitchen, and cellar.

The conditions of roup, and title deeds, may be seen in the hands of David Clark, solicitor at law, Edinburgh, and Mr Archibald in St Patrick's Square will shew the subjects, and treat with any intending to purchase.

## HOUSES AND A GARDEN FOR SALE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Thursday the 14th May, at five o'clock afternoon,

THirty-nine Falls fourteen Yards, English measure, part of the GARDEN of CHERRYHALL, lying near the Grange Toll-bar, on the north side of the road leading from Edinburgh, with the HOUSES and Office-houses erected thereon, the property of George Cromar, gardener.

The subjects were lately built, and are in good order.—They command an extensive view of the adjacent fields, and would make an agreeable country residence.

The conditions of sale and progress of writs, will be seen in the hands of David Clark, solicitor-at-law, Edinburgh, and Mr Cromar will shew the subjects.

BRECHINE, April 27. 1789.

## THE Creditors of WILLIAM CARNEGIE,

late farmer at Pows, of Old Montrose, now vintner in Brechine, are desired betwixt and the 26th day of May next, to lodge with William Blair, writer in Brechine, their trustee, particular notes of their claims, with affidavits on the verity thereof; certifying those who fail that they will be cut out of any share of the funds in the hands of the trustee, which are to be divided on the said 26th day of May next. Not to be repeated.

*For behoof of the deceased Mr Thomas Waugh's* CREDITORS.

ON MONDAY the 4th May, will begin a Sale by public roup, of the deceased Mr Waugh's Goods on hand, consisting principally of the following articles:

Sugars—Loaves, Lumps, Powder, Raw.
Liquorice, in large and small casks.
Cheese—Cheshire, double and single Gloucester.
Soap—Italian White, Castile, and British.
Raisins—Muskatel, Blooms, Lexia, Sun.
Figs—Turkey and Malaga.
Almonds—Jordan, and Valencia, and Spanish Nuts.
Minorca Honey, a considerable quantity.
Florence Oil—in jars, flasks, and chopin bottles.
Juniper Berries, Split Pease, and Rice.
One bale Italian Hemp, and Floor Matts.
Vinegar—French and British, and Oil of Turpentine.
Spruce Beer, Mustard, Ginger, Pepper, Pimento, Cassia, Cloves, Mace, White Pepper, Sago.
Confections—Almonds, Carveys, Corianders.
Hyson and Black Tea.
Green Oil, and Whale Oil.
Fifty-nine Bags Rags, &c. &c. &c.

The sale to commence each day precisely at eleven o'clock, in Mr Learmonth's Loft, Timber Bush, Leith; (William Grinly, auctioneer,) and continue till all is sold off. To accommodate purchasers, the goods will be put up in small lots.

Printed catalogues are now made out, and circulated.

## AN INN AND STABLES

*In the Canongate—to Let.*

THAT well-frequented INN and extensive STABLING, lying at the head of the Canongate, as the same are presently possessed by William Shaw, vintner, will be Let at the term of Whitsunday next, for such a number of years as may be agreed on.

Persons wishing to take the same, may apply to William Dallas, clerk to the signet, Prince's Street.

## HOUSE AND GARDEN IN ST ANDREW'S.

There is to be Sold or Let by Private Bargain,

ALL and Whole that DWELLING HOUSE, which belonged to the late Walter Wemyss, Esq. of Lathockar, pleasantly situated near the east end of the south street in St Andrew's, and upon the north side of the street, with the garden and stable thereto belonging. The house consist of ten rooms, with kitchen, closets, cellars, brew house, washing house, &c. and may easily be divided into two convenient small houses. There is a well of fine soft water at the corner of the house. The garden is large, and well stocked with fruit trees; and the stable has stalls for five horses.

For further particulars, application may be made to David Wemyss, writer to the signet, or John Syme, writer in Edinburgh.

## STREET DUNG TO BE LET.

TO be LET by public roup in John's Coffeehouse, on Wednesday the 13th day of May current, at one o'clock afternoon,

The DUNG of NICOLSON's PARK DISTRICT for one year from Whitsunday next.

Samuel Macknight writer to the signet, Nicolson's Street, will inform as to particulars.

Not to be repeated.

*Limeworks at Pallion, by South Sunderland.*

JOHN GOODCHILD of Pallion, Esq; having appointed THOMAS SMART, writer in Dundee, to be his agent in this country for the LIME, Thomas Smart takes the liberty to inform Gentlemen, Farmers, Builders, and others, That they can be served on reasonable terms with any quantity of good English LIME SHELLS, delivered at any port, by applying to the said John Goodchild, Esq; or Thomas Smart.

*Dundee, April* 16. 1789.

## *BLEACHING,* AT DENOVAN FIELD, BY FALKIRK.

ALexr. COLVIN has now laid down Cloth on the above Field, and bleaches after the most safe and approved method on the following terms, viz. All Plain Linen, wrought in a

900 Reed and under—2½d. per Yard.

1000, 1100, 1200 } 3d. | 1300 & 1400 } 3½d. | 1500 & 1600 } 4d. | 1700 & all above } 5d.

And all kinds of Figur'd Linen, Tweels, Cambrics, Cottons, &c.—at reasonable prices.

CLOTH FOR THIS FIELD IS TAKEN IN

*At Edinburgh,* By JOHN LITHGOW, Leather Case-maker, Bristo Port;

*At Leith,* By DA ANDERSON, Tobacconist, Tolbooth Wynd;

At Kirkliston, by John Shankly merchant—Queensferry, Alexander Taylor vintner—Borrowstounness, Mrs Richard Grindlay merchant—Linlithgow, Richard Forrester vintner—Falkirk, John Gourlay merchant—Stirling, Mrs Littlejohn, sen. merchant—St Ninian's, William Hewitt merchant—Alloa, James Allan surveyor, and John Blaw weaver—Glasgow, Thomas and George Colvins, and Miller and Ewing, merchants—Kilsyth, William Livingston merchant—Carronshore, Alexr. M'Carra merchant—and at the Bleachfield—at all which places receipts will be given.

§†§ YARN bleached at the field this season, if 18 hier and above, at 10d. per spindle—if coarser, 8s. per spindle.

## NESS BLEACHFIELD 1789.

DONALD MACKINTOSH returns his most grateful thanks to his Friends and the Public for the encouragement given to him last year upon his entry into business, and solicits the continuance of their favours; he hopes to give general satisfaction, as the building, machinery, and field have, since that time, been considerably improved.—He has now begun bleaching for this season, and his prices are as follow, viz. Plain Linen wove in a reed of

1000 and all below at two-pence per yard.
1100 at two pence halfpenny.
1200 at three pence.
1300 at three pence halfpenny.
1400 and all above at four pence.
Cotton Cloth or Dimitty at four pence.
Cambrick, Long Lawn, and Apron Lawn at three pence.
Diapers, Sheetings, and Tweels, according to their breadth and quality.
Yarn at eight pence per spindle—No less than three spindles can be received.

Cloth taken in, and receipts given by

Miss Lowe, Mr Alexander Fraser, deacon of the weavers, and Mr William Fraser—all at Inverness.
Mr Alexander Tolmie, merchant in Campbelton,
Mr Donald Calder, merchant in Cromarty,
Mr George Robertson, merchant in Fortrose,
And at the Bleachfield.

The Cloth will be brought from all those different places, and returned to the same when whitened, free of all charges to the owners. It is requested that all who intend their cloth for sale, will please to intimate it when given in. Any that is given in after the 20th of August, not promised to be returned this season.

Payment will always be expected upon delivery of the cloth or yarn.

## MILLS TO LET.

THE MILLS of KINNIEL, including TOD's MILL; with the Mill-Lands, Multures, and Pertinents, in the parish of Borrowstounness, and shire of Linlithgow, are to be Let by roup, in the house of Mr ROSS, Borrowstounness, on Tuesday the 19th of May 1789, at ten in the forenoon.

*Sale of the Lands of Lamancha and Belleville,*

TO be SOLD by judicial sale, upon the 31st July next, the Lands and Estate of LAMANCHA, lying in the parish of Newlands, and county of Peebles; and the Lands of BELLEVILLE or CLOCKMILL, adjacent to St Anne's Yards, lying in the parish of St Cuthbert's, and county of Edinburgh.

Particulars to be inserted in future advertisements; in the mean time further information may be had by applying to Adam Stewart writer, No. 9. St James's Square, Edinburgh, agent in the sale.

## LANDS IN TWEEDDALE TO BE SOLD.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse at Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 18th day of June next, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

The Lands and Estate of LINTON, lying in the parish of Linton, and sheriffdom of Peebles.

These lands are of large extent, above 1800 acres, and are exceedingly improveable, being distant from Edinburgh only sixteen miles, within two or three miles of lime and coal, and the great turnpike-roads from Edinburgh to Biggar and Moffat running for above two miles through the heart of them.

A plan of the estate, with the articles of roup, and an inventary of the progress of writs are in the hands of Mr Cockburn, Chapel Street, who has power to conclude a private bargain previous to the day of roup.

N. B. A part of the price may remain in the purchaser's hands, on a proper security.

## Sale of Lands in Kinross and Fife Shires,

By Private Bargain.

THE ESTATE of BLAIR, DOWHILL, WOODEND, &c. with the Superiorities thereto belonging, consisting of 3000 Scots or 3760 English acres, or thereby, all lying contiguous; whereof 1880 Scots acres or thereby are inclosed, including 500 Scots acres of wood and plantations, which are remarkably flourishing.

There is coal and lime in the lands; and there are two freehold qualifications in Kinross shire, and one in Fife shire.

For particulars, apply to Mr Adam, the proprietor, in George Street. Robert Bruce at Blair, will shew the grounds.

## A COUNTRY HOUSE AND LANDS, TO LET.

To be Let by public roup, on Wednesday the 6th day of May curt. at twelve o'clock noon, at the house of Powfouls, about 4 miles north east of Falkirk, and within a mile of Airth,

A LEASE for 8 years of the House, Gardens, Orchard, and Pigeon House of POWFOULS, together with about 50 acres of rich carse ground, partly arable, partly pasture, well known to be of the best kind, either for rearing or feeding. The house, though not large, is commodious, & the lying on the banks of Forth, is healthful and pleasant. The whole, for a person who wishes an agreeable rural retirement at a moderate expence, affords a situation rarely to be met with. The entry to the arable lands at Martinmas next, and the rest of the premisses to be entered to at Whitsunday first.

Also, on Friday the 8th of May next, will be sold by public roup at Powfouls, the whole Cattle and Stocking thereon, consisting of horses, a number of cows of the best breed, winterers, queys in calf, and stirks; some scores of ewes and lambs of an excellent kind, and which last will be then ready for the butcher; a quantity of hay, and meal in girnel, with a handsome four-wheel'd carriage, built within these four years, little used, and a pair of horses; also carts and ploughing utensils.

And on Wednesday and Thursday following, being the 13th and 14th of May, will be sold by roup, the whole Furniture in the said house; where, amongst others, will be exposed a full assortment of kitchen furniture, a good jack, china, bed and table linen, beds, blankets, an eight day clock, an apothery's still, and a set of brewing looms.

The sales to begin at ten o'clock forenoon each day.

The gardener at Powfouls will show the premisses, and for other particulars apply to Alexander Dickeson, writer in Falkirk.

## JUDICIAL SALE OF LANDS,

In the County of Perth.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 24th of June next, betwixt the hours of four and six o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and other SUBJECTS which belonged to Henry Peddie, son and heir of the deceased James Peddie, portioner of Linbank, and Agnes Bartleman, his spouse, in the following Lots, viz.

LOT I.

These THREE OXGATES of LAND [illegible] GATES of LAND of WESTER PITGOVER, with the twelfth part of the Hill called Innerhill, with common pasturage, free ish and entry into the muir called Commonedge, and to the Innerhill, with the pertinents thereof, lying within the parish and barony of Muckhart, and sheriffdom of Perth; all presently possessed by William Roy. The yearly rent for the first three years of the current tack thereof was proved to be 30 l. Sterling, and for the remaining years of the tack the sum of 35 l. Sterling; and being held of a subject superior, they are valued at 22 years purchase of the free rent, extending to L. 528 0 0

And the privilege of purchasing the free teind of these lands is valued at five years purchase, extending to - 30 0 0

Upset price of Lot 1st - L. 558 0 0

These lands are held of the Duke of Argyle for payment of six bolls, three pecks, three lippies bear, and six firlots, three lippies oat meal, with thirty-eight shillings Scots of money of yearly feu-duty; and there is payable of bishop's rents for the said lands, about 4 s. 6d Sterling [illegible] pounds bound to pay the same and all other burdens, without any allowance therefor out of his rent.

The lands are of considerable extent, and mostly arable, one half of them lie on the water of Devon, the other are higher lying grounds. They are all very capable of improvement, at a small expence, being within two miles of lime, and one of coal. They are pleasantly situated on the south of the Ochill Hills, six miles north-east from Alloa, and half a mile from Dollar.

There is a break in the tack, optional to the landlord, at Martinmas 1795, and the tack itself expires at Martinmas 1801, at which period if the purchaser shall not be inclined to enter into the natural possession, there is little doubt of his setting the same on a permanent lease for near double the present rent.

LOT II.

That TENEMENT of LAND, and YARD thereto belonging, lying near the foot of Leith Wynd, on the east side thereof, built by the deceased Robert Bartleman, mason in Leith Wynd, with the pertinents, the yearly rent of which was proved to be 11 l. 10 s. Sterling. These subjects hold of the Town of Edinburgh, for the yearly payment of a feu-duty of five pounds Scots; and with the burden of the said feu-duty are valued at L. 107 15 0

The title-deeds and articles of roup, may be seen in the office of Mr Keith Dunbar, depute-clerk of Session; or in the hands of William Leslie, writer to the signet, agent in the sale; and further information may be got by applying to him, or to the tenant in the lands.

EDINBURGH: Printed for and by JOHN ROBERTSON, and sold at his Printing-House in the OLD FISH-MARKET CLOSE, where ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in.
This Paper is regularly published every *Monday, Thursday,* and *Saturday.*—Price of a single Paper 3 *d.*—1 *l.* 17 *s.* 6 *d.* yearly when called for—2 *l.* & 6 *d.* delivered in Town—and 2 *l.* 6 *s.* 6 *d.* sent by Post.